



December - 20

### TNPSC BITS

- ❖ The first Indian organization C-DOT received the IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) SA Corporate Award 2025 for contributions to wireless broadband, rural 5G, and telecom education.
- ❖ Exercise Ekatha 2025 is the 8<sup>th</sup> annual bilateral maritime exercise held in the Maldives between the Indian Navy and the Maldives National Defence Force.
- ❖ The 2025 International Centre for Theoretical Physics (ICTP) Prize was awarded to Titas Chanda and Sthitadhi Roy for their contributions to the theory of quantum many-body systems and quantum information science.
- ❖ The National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) launched India's first wildlifesafe road on NH-45 in Madhya Pradesh.
- \* Retired IAS officer Raj Kumar Goyal has been appointed as the Chief Information Commissioner of the Central Information Commission (CIC).
- ❖ The University of Patanjali has been designated as India's first Yoga and Ayurveda-based Cluster Centre under the Gyan Bharatam Mission of the Ministry of Culture.
- ❖ Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi became the first world leader to receive The Great Honour Nishan of Ethiopia, the country's highest civilian award.
- ❖ Indian Railways has completed over 99 percent electrification of its broad-gauge network across 25 states and union territories.
  - o Between 2019 and 2025, more than 33,000 route kilometres were electrified.
- ❖ Bannerghatta Biological Park of Bengaluru has imported eight black-capped capuchin monkeys from South Africa under an animal exchange program.
  - o The monkeys, scientifically known as Sapajus apella, will enhance genetic diversity, breeding programmes, and behavioural enrichment at the park.
- International Day to End Violence Against Sex Workers 2025 is observed on 17 December 2025 to raise awareness about violence and human rights violations faced by sex workers.

## **NATIONAL NEWS**

# Ajeevika Mission (Gramin) Bill, 2025

❖ The Bill replaces the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005 (MGNREGA), which had been in force for about twenty years.





- ❖ It was introduced by the Union Agriculture Minister to create a modern law aligned with the Viksit Bharat 2047 vision.
- ❖ Guaranteed wage employment is increased from 100 days to 125 days per rural household for adults doing unskilled manual work.
- ❖ Under MGNREGA, the law guaranteed not less than 100 days, and extra days were allowed only during droughts or for some tribal areas.
- ❖ The Bill introduces a 60-day agricultural pause during peak sowing and harvesting seasons.



- ❖ The purpose of the agricultural pause is to ensure availability of labour for farming activities.
- Under MGNREGA, the Central Government paid 100 percent of unskilled wages and 75 percent of material costs, resulting in a 90:10 Centre - State funding pattern.
- ❖ The new scheme works as a Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS) with 90:10 funding for North-Eastern and Himalayan States, 60:40 for other States, and 100 percent Central funding for Union Territories without legislatures.
- ❖ MGNREGA was demand-based, universal, and allowed the budget to increase based on need.
- ❖ The new Bill allows the Union Government to notify specific rural areas in a State for implementation.
- ❖ The Bill mandates the creation of the Viksit Bharat National Rural Infrastructure Stack.





- ❖ All works under the scheme will be brought together under this single national infrastructure framework.
- ❖ The framework integrates Viksit Gram Panchayat Plans with the Pradhan Mantri (PM) Gati Shakti National Master Plan.
- ❖ Works are grouped into four areas: water security, core rural infrastructure, livelihood-related infrastructure, and disaster mitigation.
- ❖ The Bill makes biometric attendance compulsory for workers.
- ❖ It also mandates Artificial Intelligence (AI) based fraud detection, Global Positioning System (GPS) tracking of worksites, and weekly public disclosure of scheme data by law.

## Makhana production



- ❖ India produces nearly 80% of the world's makhana, also known as fox nut or gorgon nut.
- ❖ Makhana is the edible seed of Euryale ferox, an aquatic plant grown in ponds and wetlands.
- ❖ Bihar contributes around 85% of India's output, with Darbhanga as a key cultivation and processing hub.
- ❖ It is a labour-intensive aquatic crop, providing employment to farmers and fisher communities.
- Makhana is nutritious, rich in protein, fibre, antioxidants, and is low glycaemic and heart-friendly.

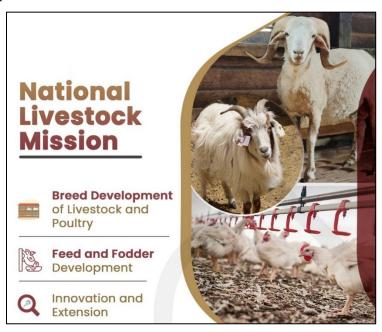




❖ The government has set up the National Makhana Board and approved a ₹476.03 crore scheme (2025–31) to boost value addition, exports, and global market access.

# **National Digital Livestock Mission**

- ❖ The National Digital Livestock Mission (NDLM) was launched by the Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying, Government of India.
- ❖ The mission aims to create a nationwide digital database of livestock and related services across the country.
- ❖ It provides a Pashu Aadhaar, a 12-digit unique identification number, to livestock animals across all States.
- ❖ The mission also improves breed quality, strengthen disease monitoring, and ensure traceability of livestock products.
- ❖ As of December 2025, 35.96 crore Pashu Aadhaar numbers and 9.5 crore livestock owners are registered under NDLM.
- NDLM works through the Bharat Pashudhan system and the 1962 Livestock Owner App to deliver services and information to farmers.



#### Sabka Bima Sabki Raksha Bill 2025

The Lok Sabha passed the Sabka Bima Sabki Raksha (Amendment of Insurance Laws) Bill, 2025.





- ❖ The Bill amends the Insurance Act, 1938, Life Insurance Corporation Act, 1956, and Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999.
- ❖ It aims to promote the growth of the insurance sector and improve protection for policyholders.
- ❖ The Bill seeks to improve ease of doing business, transparency, and regulatory oversight in insurance.
- ❖ The government has infused over ₹17,000 crore into public sector insurance companies and increased Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) limits.
- ❖ The Bill supports wider insurance coverage through schemes like Pradhan Mantri (PM) Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana and PM Suraksha Bima Yojana.



## INTERNATIONAL NEWS

## The Tianjin Declaration (2025)

- ❖ The Declaration was adopted at the 2025 Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) Summit in Tianjin, China.
- ❖ It sets common positions of SCO members on security, development, technology, and institutional reforms.





- ❖ The declaration supports equal rights of all countries to develop and use Artificial Intelligence (AI).
- ❖ The SCO members have agreed to ensure safety, transparency, fairness, and accountability in AI systems.
- ❖ It supports the SCO AI Cooperation Roadmap and a United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) proposal for a Regional AI Centre in Dushanbe.



#### **UN Declaration on NCDs and Mental Health**

- ❖ The United Nations General Assembly adopted the first global declaration jointly covering Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) and mental health.
- ❖ The declaration sets clear targets for 2030 and expands NCD coverage to areas like oral health, lung health, and childhood cancer.
- ❖ It includes new risk factors such as air pollution, clean cooking, lead exposure, hazardous chemicals, and digital health harms.
- ❖ It calls for stronger regulation of tobacco, unhealthy foods, trans fats, and e-cigarettes, with whole-of-government participation.





❖ The declaration highlights that NCDs cause about 18 million premature deaths annually and mental health conditions affect over one billion people worldwide.



## **ECONOMY NEWS**

#### Sahakar Sarathi



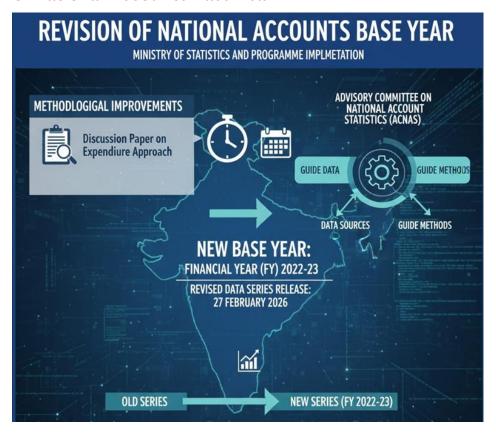
❖ The Government of India launched Sahakar Sarathi, a Shared Service Entity, to modernise Rural Cooperative Banks (RCBs) with technology-driven services.





- ❖ Sahakar Sarathi was registered on 21 July 2025 after approval from the RBI.
- ❖ It has an authorised capital of ₹1,000 crore with equal shareholding among NABARD, National Cooperative Development Corporation, and participating RCBs.
- ❖ The entity provides Core Banking Solutions (CBS), digital payment platforms like Unified Payments Interface (UPI) and Aadhaar-enabled Payment System (AePS), cybersecurity support, and IT governance.
- ❖ Sahakar Sarathi aims to improve customer access, operational efficiency, and adoption of modern banking technology in Rural Cooperative Banks.

#### **Revision of National Accounts Base Year**



- ❖ The Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation released a discussion paper on "Methodological improvements in the compilation of national accounts aggregates using the expenditure approach".
- ❖ A new series of National Accounts Statistics will use Financial Year (FY) 2022–23 as the base year.
- The revised data series is scheduled to be released on 27 February 2026.



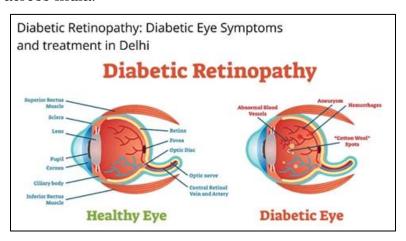


❖ An Advisory Committee on National Account Statistics (ACNAS) has been formed to guide improvements in data sources and methods.

# SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY NEWS

# **AI-Based Diabetic Retinopathy Screening Programme**

- ❖ India started its first Artificial Intelligence (AI) community screening programme for Diabetic Retinopathy in New Delhi.
- ❖ The programme uses MadhuNetrAI, a web-based AI system made by RPC, AIIMS, to check, classify, and sort retinal images automatically.
- ❖ The pilot is being run at seven locations: Pune, Mumbai, Bengaluru, Dharamshala, Gaya, Jorhat, and Kochi, covering cities, villages, hills, coastal, and remote areas.
- ❖ Patients with Diabetic Retinopathy are sent for proper diabetes care, and serious cases are referred to eye specialists at district hospitals.
- ❖ The programme is planned to grow and serve as a model to use AI in managing diseases across India.



#### **RESPOND Basket 2025**

- ❖ It was released by the ISRO under the Department of Space (DoS).
- ❖ It is a list of mission-based research problems linked to ISRO's present and future space missions.
- ❖ The programme invites research proposals from universities and recognised academic and research institutions in India.
- ❖ Its aim is to connect academic research with national space technology needs.





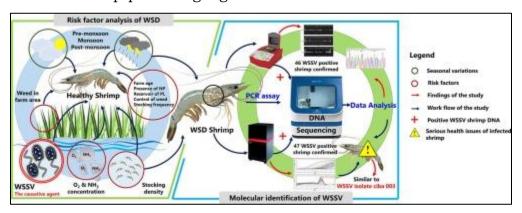
❖ Proposals must be submitted online through the I-GRASP (ISRO–Grants for Research and Sponsored Projects) portal.



# STATES' NEWS

# White Spot Disease - Andhra Pradesh

- ❖ White Spot Disease has been detected in shrimp farms in Andhra Pradesh.
- ❖ It is a highly deadly viral infection in farmed shrimp.
- ❖ It is caused by a virus called White Spot Syndrome Virus (WSSV).
- \* This virus can also affect other crustaceans like crabs and lobsters.
- ❖ It was 1st reported in Taiwan (1992), and later spread across Asia, Latin America, and other shrimp-producing regions.



#### **Battlefield Tourism in Sikkim**

- ❖ Cho-La and Dok-La in Sikkim were opened for tourists under the Bharat Rann bhoomi Darshan initiative.
- ❖ Dok-La (Doklam) is located at 13,780 feet in the Chumbi Valley near the India—China–Bhutan tri-junction and saw a military stand-off in 2017.





- ❖ Cho-La is located at 17,780 feet and was a conflict site between India and China in 1967.
- ❖ The sites are developed under the Vibrant Village Program to promote border tourism and local livelihoods.
- ❖ Nathu-La, already a tourist spot, is another site included under the Rannbhoomi Darshan initiative in Sikkim.



#### MISCELLANEOUS NEWS

Petra and Ellora Caves Twinning Agreement



❖ India and Jordan signed a twinning agreement between UNESCO World Heritage Sites of Petra and Ellora Caves.





- ❖ Ellora Caves are located in the Charanandri Hills of Maharashtra near the Elaganga River.
- ❖ Ellora Caves were carved between 600 and 1000 Common Era (CE) by the Rashtrakuta and Yadava dynasties.
- ❖ It includes Hindu, Buddhist, and Jain monuments with mural paintings.
- ❖ Petra is also called the Rose City because it is carved in pink sandstone cliffs.
- ❖ Petra was the capital of the Nabataean Kingdom from around the 4th century Before Common Era (BCE).
- ❖ Petra is partly built and partly carved into rock and is surrounded by mountains, narrow passages, and gorges.

