



January - 03

#### **NATIONAL**

## Proposal to Shift from "Minimum" to "Living" Wages

- ❖ The Union Labour Ministry is currently mulling to shift from the "minimum wages" to "living wages" in a bid to bring more people from poverty in the country.
- ❖ The term "living wage" is the theoretical income level that enables an individual or a family to afford adequate shelter, food, healthcare and other basic necessities.
- ❖ It is the minimum income of that helps support a satisfactory standard of living and prevents individuals from falling into poverty.
- ❖ A living wage is defined as the minimum income necessary for workers to meet their basic necessities.
- ❖ It is different from the minimum wage, which is based on labor productivity and skill sets.
- ❖ Minimum wage is the lowest amount of money a labourer can earn as mandated by the law.
- ❖ It does not change based on inflation. It can increase only with the government intervention.
- This is not true for the living wage.
- ❖ The living wage is determined by the average cost to live comfortably, while the minimum wage is the fixed amount set by the government.

#### Official Government of India Calendar for 2023







- ❖ The Union Minister Anurag Thakur has released the Official Government of India Calendar for the year 2023.
- ❖ It includes 12 themes for 12 months to showcase the various efforts taken by the Indian Government to ensure the welfare of the public.
- ❖ Overall, this calendar reflects the Indian Government's vision of Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas, Sabka Vishwas.
- It is created based on the theme 'Naya Varsh, Naye Sankalp'.
- ❖ This calendar is available in 13 languages, including English and Hindi.

## **Early Warning System**



- ❖ The Union Ministry of Power and the Defence Research and Development Organisation (DRDO) have recently signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to set up early warning systems for vulnerable hydro projects or power stations in the hilly regions.
- Currently, the majority of hydropower projects and dams in hilly regions do not have early warning systems.
- ❖ An early warning system (EWS) is an integrated system of
  - o Hazard monitoring, forecasting and prediction
  - o Disaster risk assessment
  - o Communication and preparedness activities system





o Processes that enable individuals, communities, governments, and businesses to take timely action to minimize disaster risks.

#### **Delimitation of Constituencies in Assam**



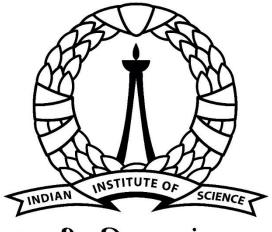
- ❖ The Election Commission of India (ECI) recently commenced the process of delimitation of state assembly and parliamentary constituencies of Assam.
- ❖ The last delimitation in Assam happened in 1976.
- ❖ The current delimitation exercise is being conducted based on the 1971 Census.
- ❖ Delimitation is the process of redrawing boundaries of state assembly seats and the Lok Sabha seats to represent the changing population numbers.
- ❖ The main purpose of the delimitation exercise is to ensure equal representation to equal segments of a population.
- ❖ Since the population does not increase uniformly, delimitation reflects the changes in the distribution of the population over a period of time.
- ❖ The Delimitation Commission is an independent commission responsible for conducting delimitation exercises.
- ❖ It is set up by the Central Government under the Delimitation Commission Act.
- ❖ This commission jointly works with the Election Commission of India (ECI) to conduct the delimitation.
- ❖ It includes a retired Supreme Court Judge, the Chief Election Commissioner and the respective state's State Election Commissioners.
- ❖ Article 82 of the Constitution requires the Indian Parliament to enact a Delimitation Act after every Census.
- ❖ Once this Act is in force, the Central Government must set up a Delimitation Commission.





- ❖ A total of 4 Delimitation Commissions have been set up in the past (1952, 1963, 1973 and 2002).
- ❖ The 2002 Act did not make any changes in the total number of Lok Sabha seats or their apportionment between various states.
- ❖ It left out Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland and Manipur from the delimitation exercise due to security concerns.
- ❖ The Indian Government reconstituted the Delimitation Commission for these 4 states and the union territory of Jammu and Kashmir in 2020.
- ❖ The last delimitation exercise that changed the state-wise composition of the Lok Sabha happened in 1976.
- ❖ It was conducted based on the 1971 census.
- ❖ The delimitation exercises were not conducted frequently in the recent past.
- ❖ This is because the Indian Constitution mandates that the number of Lok Sabha seats allocated to a state should be (as far as it is achievable) same for all states.
- ❖ To address this issue, the Indian Constitution was amended in 1976 to suspend the delimitation until 2001.
- ❖ Another amendment was enacted to delay the delimitation exercise further until 2026.

#### G20 Science Working Group's Secretariat



# भारतीय विज्ञान संस्थान

- ❖ The Bengaluru-based Indian Institute of Science (IISc) has been chosen as the secretariat for science 20 (S20).
- ❖ It will work towards resolving common global-level challenges like poverty.





- ❖ It will be discussed at the events that will be held in Agartala, Lakshadweep, and Bhopal throughout the year of 2023.
- ❖ The S20 summit, which will be held in Coimbatore, will bring together all the science ministers from the G20 countries.
- ❖ The theme of the Science 20 (S20) 2023 is 'Disruptive Science for Innovative and Sustainable Development'.

#### INTERNATIONAL

## Japan's new Policy

- ❖ Japan has adopted a new policy promoting greater use of nuclear energy to secure a stable power supply and reduce carbon emissions.
- ❖ It was reversing its previous plan to phase out nuclear energy by 2030.
- ❖ The new policy calls for the maximum use of existing nuclear reactors by restarting as many as possible and extending the operating life of old reactors beyond their 60-year limit
- ❖ Anti-nuclear sentiment and safety concerns rose significantly in Japan after the 2011 Fukushima disaster.

#### SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## 'GNB1 Encephalopathy' Disease

	Gβ1 WT vs mutants		
	Gβ1 WT	Gβ1 K78R	Gβ1 I80N & I80T
Gβ1 protein levels	RNA ↓  Gβ1  protein	Gain of Expression	Partial Loss of Expression
GIRK single channel activity	K+	GIRK1/2 Partial Loss of Function	GIRK2  Loss of Function
Whole- cell GIRK currents		Gain of Function	Loss of Function
Rescue		GIRK inhibitors	GIRK activators



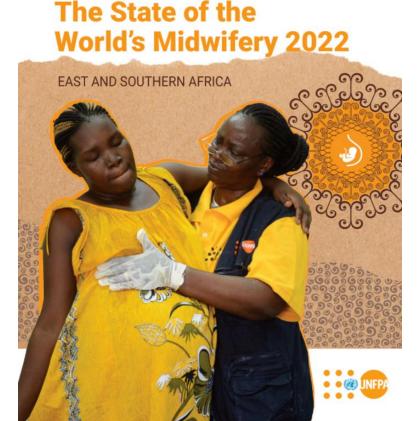


- \* Researchers in India, the US and Israel and currently trying to develop a drug to treat a rare genetic disease called GNB1 Encephalopathy.
- ❖ GNB1 Encephalopathy is a rare genetic brain disease caused due to mutations in the GNB1 gene.
- ❖ Less than 100 cases of GNB1 Encephalopathy have been recorded worldwide.

#### REPORTS AND INDICES

The State of the World's Midwifery 2022: East and Southern Africa

UNITED NATIONS POPULATION FUND



- ❖ The United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) and World Health Organization (WHO) released this report.
- ❖ Around 1.2 million lives can be saved each year in East and Southern Africa by 2035 if there is universal coverage of midwife-delivered interventions.





❖ A strong midwifery workforce is vital for successfully achieving UNFPA strategies for improving sexual, reproductive, maternal, newborn, and adolescent health (SRMNAH).

#### 2022 in Nine Charts

- ❖ This report was released recently by the World Bank.
- ❖ At the end of 2022, the world is experiencing the "steepest slowdown" in the Global poverty since 1970.
- ❖ Currently, 685 million people are living in extreme poverty.
- ❖ This makes 2022 the second-worst year for poverty reduction in the past 20 years after the year 2020.

