



November - 17

INTERNATIONAL

Malabar Naval Exercise 2022

- ❖ India is participating in 26th International Malabar Naval Exercise which begins in Japan.
- ❖ Australia, Japan and the USA are also participating in the Naval Exercise.
- ❖ The MALABAR exercise was initiated in 1992 between the navies of India and the United States.
- ❖ Japan became a permanent member of the exercise in 2015.



World Travel Market (WTM) 2022







- ❖ The World Travel Market is one of the largest international travel exhibitions, held in London.
- ❖ India's participation is significant to step up the recovery of Inbound tourism to the pre-pandemic level.
- ❖ The theme of this year's exhibition is 'The Future of Travel Starts Now'.
- ❖ Kerala Tourism bags top honours at the Global Responsible Tourism Awards 2022.

International Drought Resilience Alliance



- ❖ The International Drought Resilience Alliance (IDRA) was launched in the COP27 to the UNFCC.
- ❖ Spain and Senegal jointly launched the IDRA.
- * It aims to promote cooperation to increase preparedness against future droughts.
- ❖ The Alliance has 30 countries and 20 organisations.
- ❖ The IDRA was first announced by Spain at the 77th session of the UNGA in September this year.



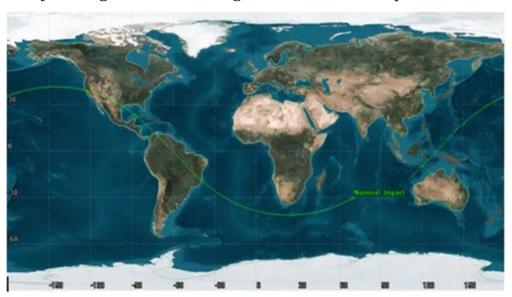


- * The recent occurrences of droughts have been more frequent and severe.
- ❖ The frequency of droughts has surged by 29 per cent since 2000.
- ❖ Over 55 million people are affected each year.

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

RISAT-2 - Uncontrolled re-entry

- * RISAT-2, made an uncontrolled re-entry into the Earth's atmosphere at the predicted impact point.
- ❖ It was launched by the Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) in 2009.
- RISAT-2 Satellite carried 30 Kg of fuel for an initial designed life of four years.
- ❖ By economical usage of fuel RISAT-2 provided very useful payload data for 13 years.
- ❖ The pieces generated due to aero-thermal fragmentation would not have survived re-entry heating and hence no fragments would have impacted on Earth



SPACE facility - NPOL

- ❖ DRDO launched the Submersible Platform for Acoustic Characterization and Evaluation (SPACE) facility at Naval Physical and Oceanographic Laboratory (NPOL).
- ❖ It is a state-of-the-art testing and evaluation facility for sonar systems.
- ❖ It is developed for use by the Indian Navy onboard various platforms, including ships, submarines and helicopters.

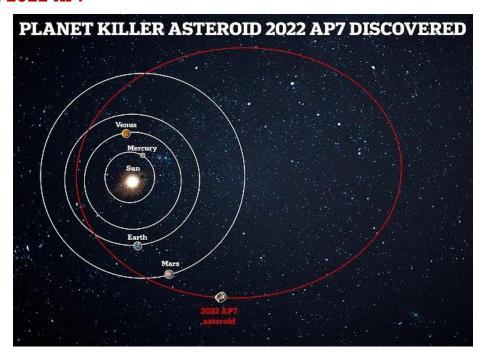




- ❖ The uniqueness of this facility lies in the specially designed submersible platform.
- ❖ It can be lowered up to depths of 100 meters using a series of synchronously operated winches.



Asteroid 2022 AP7



- ❖ A team of astronomers has discovered three massive near-Earth asteroids hiding in the glare of the Sun.
- ❖ Of these, one called 2022 AP7 is believed to be the largest planet killer-sized asteroid to be spotted in nearly a decade.
- ❖ It is "potentially hazardous" to Earth.





- ❖ It is 1.5-kilometre-wide and has an orbit that may someday put it on a collision course with our planet.
- ❖ The other two- 2021 LJ4 and 2021 PH27 have orbits that are safely constrained inside the limits of Earth's orbit.
- ❖ At less than a kilometre in diameter, 2021 LJ4 is the smallest in size.
- ❖ The asteroid, 2021 PH27, is the closest known asteroid to the Sun.
- ❖ Due to this, its surface gets hot enough to melt lead.

ENVIRONMENT

Executive Action Plan of Early Warnings



- ❖ The Executive Action Plan of Early Warnings for All was released by during a roundtable meeting at the COP27 to UNFCCC.
- ❖ It aims to develop a global early warning system for extreme weather events that have been intensified because of climate change.
- ❖ The plan proposes the initial investment of around 3.1 billion USD for delivering early warning systems for all.
- ❖ Early warning systems are still not accessible to 33 per cent of the global population.
- Over 60 per cent of the population in Africa do not have access to these systems.
- Just 24 hours' notice of an impending disaster event can minimise damage by 30 per cent.

Indian Black Honeybee

❖ A new species of endemic honeybee has been discovered in the Western Ghats.





- ❖ The new species has been named Apis karinjodian and given the common name Indian black honeybee.
- ❖ A new species of honeybee has been spotted from the Western Ghats after a gap of more than 200 years.
- ❖ The last honeybee described from India was Apis indica in 1798 by Fabricius.
- ❖ Although Fabricius named the Indian bee Apis indica, it was not considered a valid species till now.
- ❖ The research team restored the status of Apis indica based on a new measure for species discrimination in honeybees termed 'Radio-Medial Index (RMI)'.
- ❖ Till date, only a single species, Apis cerana was noted across the plains of central and southern India and Sri Lanka.
- ❖ The new find has increased the species of honeybees in the world to 11.



REPORTS AND INDICES

WTW Global Gender Wealth Equity report

❖ Global Gender Wealth Equity Report was jointly developed by Willis Towers Watson (WTW) and the World Economic Forum.





- * It explores gender-based wealth differences across five regions in the world.
- ❖ It assesses the reasons behind the inequality like interlinked effects of career, family support, life events and financial literacy.
- ❖ It quantifies gender wealth gap between women and men at retirement.
- ❖ when women retire from work, will have just 74 per cent of wealth accumulated by men.
- ❖ India has the worst gender wealth gap in the Asia-Pacific.
- ❖ India's gender pay gap is higher than the global average.
- Leadership roles for women are limited.
- Only 3 per cent of women in workforce hold senior-level positions.
- ❖ Long-term financial decisions generally rest in the hands of men.
- ❖ Financial literacy of working women is low in India.
- ❖ On average, Asia-Pacific has one of the lowest global wealth gaps.
- ❖ Women in this region amass just around three-quarters (76 per cent) of men's wealth levels.
- ❖ It is just 2 points above the global average.
- ❖ In the Asia-Pacific region, gender wealth gap across 12 countries is between 64 per cent in India and 90 per cent in best performer South Korea.
- ❖ Women in six countries in the index have higher wealth at retirement when compared with the global average.
- These include China (78%), Japan (82%), Philippines (79%) and Singapore (79%).

